TOXIC TURN: ESCALATED METHOTREXATE USE LEADING TO TOXICITY

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(3RD YEAR PG)

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CHIEF COMPLAINTS

A 39 year old male patient who is a farmer by occupation hailing from Guntur presented with chief complaints of painful red colored raised lesions over scalp, trunk, both upper limbs, both lower limbs since 10 days

History of present illness:

Patient is a known case of psoriasis vulgaris from the past 8 years & using different medications intermittently. Patient is complaining of multiple red colored raised lesions present on scalp, trunk, both upper limbs and both lower limbs associated with pain and scaling.

- Lesions are increasing in size and number
- Patient had been consulting outside clinic and taking some unknown medications for 1 week and no subjective improvement seen.

- No H/O photosensitivity or joint pains
- No H/O weight loss
- No H/O target lesions
- No H/O fever prior to the onset of lesions

Past history

- Patient is a known case of psoriasis since 8 years and using different medications on and off .
- k/c/o DM, HTN.
- Not a k/c/o CAD/ TB /Asthma
- NO H/O drug allergies in the past

Treatment history:

- Patient is using Tab.METHOTREXATE irregularly. Up on further detailed history patient used Tab.METHOTREXATE 7.5mg od for 7 days and without taking folic acid supplementation.
- k/c/o Hypertension and using Tab amlodipine 5mg bd
- k/c/o DM and using Tab.Metformin 500mg bd

Family history

No h/o similar complaints in the family

No h/o any chronic illness in the family

Personal H/o

- Mixed diet
- Normal sleep and appetite
- Normal bowel and bladder
- Not a known smoker and not a known alcoholic

General examination

At the time of admission:

Patient is conscious, coherent and cooperative

No pallor/icterus/cyanosis/clubbing/lymphadenopathy/pedal edema

BP: 130/70mm of Hg

PR: 102/min

TEMP: 99 F

RR: 22/min

SPO2: 99% at RA

Cutaneous examination

- ON EXAMINATION: Multiple erythematous plaques, few plaques covered with loosely adherent silvery white scales present on B/L forearms, elbows, B/L arms, lower abdomen, back of trunk, knees, anterior aspect of B/L legs, tenderness over lesions on both lower limbs present.
- **SCALP O/E**: Multiple hyperpigmented plaques covered with silvery white scales on vertex and occipital region.
- Nails O/E: Subungual hyperkeratosis noted in great toe and 2nd toe of B/L feet. Deep irregular pitting present over B/L fingernails.

• ORAL MUCOSA : NAD

• OCULAR MUCOSA :NAD

• GENITAL MUCOSA. :NAD

SYSTEMIC EXAMINATION

- CVS: S1 AND S2 Heard, no added sounds
- RS :B/L Normal vesicular breath sounds heard, no adventitious sounds
- GIT: Per abdomen: soft, no organomegaly
- CNS: NAD

• PROVISIONAL DIAGNOSIS:

PSORIASIS VULGARIS

• Base line investigations:

- CBP
- LFT
- RFT
- RBS

ON DAY 1

Patient was started on

- Tab APREZO(APREMILAST)10mg (starter pack)
- PROPYSALIC LOTION (E/A over lesion on scalp twice daily)
- SALYTAR SHAMPOO(E/U for head bath twice weekly)
- LIQUID PARAFFIN (E/A over body)
- Supportive management
- Tab LEVOCETRIZINE 5mg OD
- Tab SHELCAL 100 mg OD
- Tab PARACETAMOL 650 mg sos
- Tab AMLODIPINE 5mg BD
- Tab METFORMIN 500mg BD

ON DAY 2

- Patient complaints 2 episodes of vomiting and 6 episodes of diarrhoea
- c/o body pains
- c/o painful lesions over both groins
- And temperature was 99.7degree F
- We added
- Tab PARACETAMOL 650 mg BD
- Tab SPOROLAC DS TID
- Tab ONDANSETRON 4mg TID
- Tab PANTOP 40mg
- INJ H Actrapid s.c 8 th hourly according to sliding scale

ON DAY 3

- c/o 3 episodes of diarrhoea
- c/o burning micturition
- c/o painful lesions present in mouth
- c/o dysphagia present
- on examination: Small ulcers developed around the margins of the existing lesions in the lower limbs and front and back of trunk.
 Erythema and swelling present in dorsum of both hands and both feet.
- Oral cavity O/E: multiple erosions present in B/L buccal mucosa and hard palate









date	DAY 1	DAY 2	DAY 3	
НВ	12.8	10.8	10.3	
TOT COUNT	4800	3780	2100	
NEUTROPHIL COUNT	73%	71%	42%	
ESR	50	60	70	
PLATELET COUNT	3.2Lakhs/mm3	2.3Lakhs/mm3	1.5Lakhs/mm3	

LFT	DAY 1	DAY 3	RFT	DAY 1	
Tot bil	1.6	2.0	Sr CREATININE	1.1	
Indirect bil	1.0	1.1	Sr UREA	52	
Direct bil	0.6	0.9	Sr NA	N	
Ast	N	N	Sr K	N	
Alt	N	N	Sr cl	N	
Alk pos	N	N			
Sr albumin	3.2 LOW	3.1			

- considering the laboratory findings and clinical features , diagnosed it as methotrexate toxicity .
- Patient is advised to discontinue Tab.METHOTREXATE.
- General medicine and medical oncology referral/opinion. Patient was started on

- INJ.LEUCOVORIN 15 mg i.v qid in 100 ml NS 6 th hourly
- CONTINOUS I.V FLUIDS NS and RL 125ml/hr ALONG WITH INJ.NaHCO3 10cc
- INJ.PIPTAZ 4.5gm in 100ml NS TID
- INJ H ACTRAPID S.C 8 TH hourly
- INJ.LASIX 20 MG STAT
- Tab FOLVITE 5 mg od
- Syp CITRALKA 10 ml tid

On day 4 the HB :9.1 gm/dl ,

Tc:2700 and

PC:1.5Lakhs/mm3

• INJ NEUKINE (G-CSF) 300mcg given Subcutaneous stat.

• DAY 5 the HB: 8.9 gm/dl

• TWbc : 5000

• PC : 1.6Lakhs/mm3

- INJ Leucovorin 15mg I.V QID
- Patient clo 5 episodes of diarrhea and nausea which can be the side effect of apremilast and we stopped tab aprezo

Day 5







• ON DAY 8:

- Skin lesions and lab counts are improving .so, INJ LEUCOVORIN along with I.v fluids was stopped
- Rest of the treatment is continued

INVESTIGATIONS

СВР	DAY 1	DAY 2	DAY 3	DAY 4	DAY 5	DAY 6	DAY 7	DAY 8	
HB mg/dl	12.8	10.8	10.3	9.1	8.9	9.4	9.9	10.7	
WBC TOT Mill/cum	4800	3780	2100	2770	5000	4000	4100	5400	
PLAT CT	3.2L	2.3L	1.5L	1.5L	1.6L	1.2L	1.1L	3.7L	

RFT	DAY 1	DAY 4	DAY 5	DAY 6	DAY 8	
S.CREATININE	1.1	0.8	0.9	0.8	0.9	
BLOOD UREA	52	17	27	12	22	
S.NA	N	N	N	N	N	
S.K	N	N	N	N	N	
S.CL	N	N	N	N	N	

Investigations

- Chest x ray
- ECG
- CUE
- USG ABDOMEN
- BLOOD CULTURE
- LIPID PROFILE

TREATMENT DURING HOSPITAL STAY

- 1) INJ LEUCOVORIN 15 mg i.v qid in 100 ml NS 6 th hourly for 6 days
- 2) INJ PIPTAZ 4.5gm in 100ml NS TID for 6 days
- 3) CONTINOUS I.V FLUIDS NS ALONG WITH INJ.NAHCO3 10cc.
- 4) INJ H ACTRAPID S.C 8 TH hourly according to sliding scale
- 5) INJ LASIX 20 MG STAT
- 6) INJ NEUKINE (G-CSF) 300 mcg s/c stat
- 7) TAB APREZO starter pack
- 8) Tab FOLVITE 5mg OD
- 9) Tab LEVOCETRIZINE 5mg OD

SUPPORTIVE TREATMENT

- 1. Tab. SHELCAL 500mg OD
- 2. Tab. AMLODIPINE 5mg BD
- 3. Tab . PANTOP 40 mg OD
- MUCOPAIN gel (E/A in oral cavity)
- 5. SOFRAMYCIN cream (E/A over erosions)
- 6. Syrup MUCAIN 15 ml TID
- 7. Saline compressors over crusts TID

At the time of discharge









Discharge medications

- Cap CYCLOSPORINE 100mg morning and 50 mg night time
- Tab LEVOCETRIZINE 5mg od
- Tab SHELCAL 500mg od
- LIQUID PARAFFIN (E/A over body twice daily)
- PROPYSALIC NF 6 lotion (E/A over lesions over scalp)
- SALYTAR SHAMPOO(E/U for head bath)

1 month follow up



Methotrexate toxicity

- Methotrexate is a synthetic analog of folate that competitively and irreversibly inhibits DHF reductase, therefore inhibits folic acid metabolism acting as anti-inflammatory and immunosuppressant and immunomodulation action in low doses
- Elimination is mainly by kidneys
- 60% 95% excreted unchanged
- 50% MTX is protein bound
- Oncological doses: 100- 200mg/m2/week
- In Dermatological doses: 7.5 25 mg/wk

Clinical features

- Mucosal and cutaneous effects
- oral ulceration and stomatitis .
- Rapid ulceration of the psoriatic plaques particularly in the lower limbs herald to bone marrow suppression and indicates methotrexate toxicity.
- Mild alopecia.
- Other cutaneous manifestations : acral erythema, epidermal necrosis, vasculitis.

• GI SIDE EFFECTS

- Nausea and vomiting are usually dose related
- Supplementation with FOLVITE 1- 5 mg/day reduces GI side effects

HEMATOLOGICAL SIDE EFFECTS

- Acute side effects includes myelosuppression
- Neutropenia if present life threatening
- Risk factors
- Advanced age
- Poor renal function
- Hypoalbuminemia
- Lack of FOLVITE supplementations
- Concurrent administration of drugs

HEPATIC SIDE EFFECTS

- Hepatotoxicity and hepatic fibrosis are long term side effects
- Liver transaminases are elevated ,monitor 5-6 days after last dose
- Dose reduction is indicated if transaminases increases 2-5-fold
- Discontinue if increase to 5 fold

PULMONARY SIDE EFFECTS

- Acute pneumonitis and pulmonary fibrosis m.c in RA patients
- Pulmonary toxicity idiosyncratic reaction
- Strong prediction
- Old age
- Dm
- Rheumatoid pleuro pulmonary involvement
- Hypoalbuminemia
- Previous use of DMARDS

- INVESTIGATIONS
- COMPLETE BLOOD PICTURE
- LIVER FUNCTION TESTS
- RENAL FUNCTION TEST
- SERUM ASSAY OF METHOTREXATE LEVELS
- NON INVASVE BIOMARKERS : SERUM PRO COLLAGEN 3
 AMINOTERMINAL PEPTIDE
- ESR

- Absolute contraindications
- Pregnancy (category X) ,Lactation
- Significant anaemia, leukopenia, or thrombocytopenia
- Relative contraindications
- Renal dysfunction (dose may be reduced)
- Hematologic disease (dose may be reduced)
- Hepatic disease or hepatic dysfunction
- Unreliable patient
- Excessive alcohol consumption
- Diabetes mellitus and/or obesity
- Active infection and/or potential reactivation of infection (tuberculosis)
- HIV infection
- Man or woman contemplating impending conception

Drug interactions

- Aspirin
- NSAIDS
- Probenecid
- Sulfonamides , aminogly cosides
- Penicillins , minocycline , ciprofloxacin
- Phenytoin , barbiturates
- Sulphonylureas
- Trimethoprim sulphamethoxazole
- Colchicin

MANAGEMENT

- The mainstay of treatment is folinic acid (leucovorin), start with in 24 to 36 hrs after overdose
- Oral dose -10mg/m² or 15 to 25 mg every 6 hours for 6 to 10 doses without any delay for serum assay.
- If serum assay is available, oral or parenteral doses continue every 6hrs until serum concentration of Methotrexate fall to less than 0.2 micro moles/litre
- Prophylactic systemic antibiotics
- Tab.FOLVITE 5MG OD DAILY

Supportive management

- Continuous fluid management with NaHCO3
- Topical antiseptics
- Topical emollients
- Tab.fluconazole 150 mg od
- Syrup mucain 15 ml Tid
- Saline compressors TID

References

- IADVL textbook of dermatology 5th edition
- Rook's textbook of dermatology 9th edition
- Fitzpatrick's textbook of dermatology 9th edition
- Montaudie H, Sbidian E, Paul C, Maza A, Gallini A, Aractingi S et al. Methotrexate in psoriasis: a systematic review of treatment modalities, incidence, risk factors and monitoring of liver toxicity. J Eur Acad Dermatol Venereol. 2021; 25(2):12-8.

